# *w* rationalfunds

SUMMARY PROSPECTUS

May 1, 2025

## **Rational Tactical Return Fund**

Class A Shares: HRSAX

Class C Shares: HRSFX Institutional Shares: HRSTX

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's complete prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus and other information about the Fund at http://rationalmf.com/literature-forms/. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 800-253-0412, emailing info@rationalmf.com, or by asking any financial intermediary that offers shares of the Fund. The Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, both dated May 1, 2025, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus and may be obtained, free of charge, at the website or phone number noted above.

# FUND SUMMARY - RATIONAL TACTICAL RETURN FUND

**Investment Objective:** The Fund's investment objective is to seek total return consisting of long-term capital appreciation and income.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund: This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and is included in the sections of the Fund's Prospectus entitled How to Buy Shares on page 141 and Appendix A - Intermediary-Specific Sales Charge Reductions and Waivers, and in the sections of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") entitled Waivers and Reductions of Up-Front Sales Charge on Class A Shares on page 90.

| Shareholder Fees                                | Institutional |                       |                       |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (fees paid directly from your investment)       | Shares        | <b>Class A Shares</b> | <b>Class C Shares</b> |
| Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on          |               |                       |                       |
| Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)   | None          | 4.75%                 | None                  |
| Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as        |               |                       |                       |
| a percentage of the lesser of original purchase |               |                       |                       |
| price or the net asset value of shares at the   |               |                       |                       |
| time of redemption)                             | None          | None <sup>(1)</sup>   | $1.00\%^{(2)}$        |
| Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on          |               |                       |                       |
| Reinvested                                      |               |                       |                       |
| Dividends and other Distributions               | None          | None                  | None                  |
| Redemption Fee                                  | None          | None                  | None                  |
| Exchange Fee                                    | None          | None                  | None                  |
| Annual Fund Operating Expenses                  |               |                       |                       |
| (expenses that you pay each year as a           | Institutional |                       |                       |
| percentage of the value of your investment)     | Shares        | <b>Class A Shares</b> | <b>Class C Shares</b> |
| Management Fees                                 | 1.75%         | 1.75%                 | 1.75%                 |
| Distribution (12b-1) Fees                       | None          | 0.25%                 | 1.00%                 |
| Other Expenses (including shareholder           |               |                       |                       |
| services fee of up to 0.25%)                    | 0.39%         | 0.42%                 | 0.33%                 |
| Interest/Dividend Expense                       | 0.01%         | 0.01%                 | 0.01%                 |
| Remaining Other Expenses                        | 0.38%         | 0.41%                 | 0.32%                 |
| Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses <sup>(3)</sup>  | 0.07%         | 0.07%                 | 0.07%                 |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses            | 2.21%         | 2.49%                 | 3.15%                 |
| Fee Waivers and/or Expense                      |               |                       |                       |
| Reimbursements <sup>(4)</sup>                   | (0.14)%       | (0.17)%               | (0.08)%               |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After      | · ·           |                       |                       |
| Fee Waivers and/or Expense                      |               |                       |                       |
| Reimbursements <sup>(4)</sup>                   | 2.07%         | 2.32%                 | 3.07%                 |

<sup>(1)</sup> In the case of investments of \$1 million or more (where you do not pay an initial sales charge and the selling broker receives a commission), a 1.00% contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") may be assessed on shares redeemed within two years of purchase

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Maximum Deferred Sales Charge on Class C shares applies to shares sold within 12 months of purchase.

<sup>(3)</sup> Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the indirect costs of investing in other investment companies. The operating expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the expense ratio in the Fund's financial highlights because the financial statements include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund, not the indirect costs of investing in other investment companies.

(4) The Fund's investment adviser, Rational Advisors, Inc. (the "Advisor") has contractually agreed to waive all or a portion of its management fee and/or reimburse certain operating expenses of the Fund to the extent necessary in order to limit the Fund's total annual fund operating expenses (excluding (i) acquired fund fees and expenses; (ii) brokerage commissions and trading costs; (iii) interest (including borrowing costs and overdraft charges), (iv) taxes, (v) short sale dividends and interest expenses, and (vi) non-routine or extraordinary expenses, such as regulatory inquiry and litigation expenses) to not more than 1.99%, 2.24% and 2.99% of the average daily net assets of the Fund's Institutional, Class A, and Class C shares, respectively, through April 30, 2026. This arrangement may only be terminated prior to this date with the agreement of the Fund's Board of Trustees. Under certain conditions, the Advisor may recoup management fees that it waived or Fund expenses that it paid under this agreement for a period of three years from the date the fees were waived or expenses paid, if the recoupment can be achieved without causing the expense ratio of the share class (after the recoupment is taken into account) to exceed (i) the expense limit in effect at the time the fees were waived or expenses paid, or (ii) the expense limit in place at the time of the recoupment.

**Example:** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem (or you hold, as applicable) all your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, the Fund's operating expenses remain the same, and the expense reduction/reimbursement remains in place for the contractual period only. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

|                                  | 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years  | 10 Years |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|
| Institutional Shares             | \$210  | \$ 678  | \$ 1,172 | \$ 2,533 |
| Class A Shares                   | \$ 699 | \$1,198 | \$ 1,723 | \$ 3,155 |
| Class C Shares – no redemption   | \$ 310 | \$ 964  | \$ 1,643 | \$ 3,452 |
| Class C Shares – with redemption | \$ 410 | \$ 964  | \$ 1,643 | \$ 3,452 |

**Portfolio Turnover:** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

## **Principal Investment Strategy**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund invests primarily in long and short call and put options on futures contracts on the Standard & Poor's 500 Index ("SPX"), and in cash and cash equivalents (including short-term Treasury securities and unaffiliated money market funds).

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective in three ways: (1) Premium Collection – the Fund collects premiums on options it sells; (2) Volatility Trading – the Fund may enter into positions designed to hedge or profit from either an increase or a decrease in the SPX volatility; and (3) Trend Following – the Fund may increase or decrease the balance of puts and calls based on trending market direction; however, in general, the strategy does not depend on a forecast of equity market direction and is designed to produce returns that are not correlated with equity market returns.

The Fund's risk management procedures aim to provide consistency of returns and to mitigate the extent of losses. However, the procedures may not be successful in doing so. Positions are entered on a continuous basis across different option exercise prices and expiration dates. The foundation of the Fund's trading methodology is determined by both technical and fundamental analysis of SPX futures. Technical analysis focuses on the statistical analysis of price movements of the SPX and provides the framework for trade decisions. However, the Fund's investment sub-advisor, Warrington Asset Management, LLC (the "Sub-Advisor"), also uses fundamental analysis of macroeconomic events, such as Federal Reserve policy statements, disputes between countries, political upheaval, and other geopolitical events, to supplement the technical analysis for final trade execution. The Fund employs risk management procedures intended to adjust portfolio exposure as necessitated by changing market conditions, which may lead to higher

transaction costs that may affect the Fund's performance. In the event options on SPX futures are unavailable for investment, in order to gain similar market exposure, the Fund may instead invest a significant portion of its assets in Cboe Volatility Index ("VIX") futures and options and SPX options. The VIX is a measure of the implied volatility of S&P 500 Index options.

Exchange-traded options on broad-based equity indices that trade on a national securities exchange registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or a domestic board of trade designated as a contract market by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, generally qualify for treatment as "section 1256 contracts," as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Under the Code, capital gains and losses on "section 1256 contracts" are generally recognized annually based on a marking-to-market of open positions at tax year-end, with gains or losses treated as 60% long-term and 40% short-term, regardless of holding period. The Fund intends to utilize primarily options that are "section 1256 contracts."

The Fund actively trades its portfolio securities in an attempt to achieve its investment objective.

## Principal Investment Risks

As with any mutual fund, there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objective. Investment markets are unpredictable and there will be certain market conditions where the Fund will not meet its investment objective and will lose money. The Fund's net asset value and returns will vary and you could lose money on your investment in the Fund and those losses could be significant. An investment in the Fund is not a bank deposit and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

The following summarizes the principal risks of investing in the Fund. These risks could adversely affect the net asset value, total return and the value of the Fund and your investment.

**Cash or Cash Equivalents Risk.** At times, the Fund may have significant investments in cash or cash equivalents. When a substantial portion of a portfolio is held in cash or cash equivalents, there is the risk that the value of the cash account, including interest, will not keep pace with inflation, thus reducing purchasing power over time.

**Counterparty Risk.** The value of the Fund's investments may be adversely affected if an issuer's securities experience a credit downgrade; an issuer or guarantor of an investment held by the Fund fails to pay an obligation on a timely basis, otherwise defaults or is perceived by other investors to be less creditworthy; or a counterparty to a derivatives or other transaction with the Fund files for bankruptcy, becomes insolvent, or otherwise becomes unable or unwilling to honor its obligation to the Fund and therefore delays or impairs the Fund's ability to recover its deposits with such counterparty.

**Derivatives Risk.** The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations (see "Counterparty Risk" above); (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying reference asset. Derivatives can also create leverage risk because they do not require payment up front equal to the economic exposure created by holding a position in the derivative. As a result, an adverse change in the value of the underlying asset could result in the Fund sustaining a loss that is substantially greater than the amount invested in the derivative or the anticipated value of the underlying asset, which may make the Fund's returns more volatile and

increase the risk of loss. Derivative instruments may be less liquid than more traditional investments and the Fund may be unable to sell or close out its derivative positions at a desirable time or price. This risk may be more acute under adverse market conditions, during which the Fund may be most in need of liquidating its derivative positions. Derivatives may also be less tax efficient and subject to changing government regulation that could impact the Fund's ability to use certain derivatives. When a derivative is used for hedging, the change in value of the derivative may also not correlate specifically with the risk of the underlying asset being hedged. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to: changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships. Derivatives strategies may not always be successful, and their successful use will depend on the portfolio managers' ability to accurately forecast movements in the market relating to the underlying asset.

*Futures Risk.* Investments in futures contracts involve leverage, which means a small percentage of assets invested in futures can have a disproportionately large impact on the Fund. This risk could cause the Fund to lose more than the principal amount invested. In addition, futures contracts may become mispriced or improperly valued relative to the Sub-Advisor's expectations and may not produce the desired investment results. Additionally, changes in the value of futures contracts may not track or correlate perfectly with the underlying reference asset because of temporary, or even long-term, supply and demand imbalances and because futures do not pay dividends.

*Hedging Risk.* Hedging is a strategy in which the Fund uses options or futures to offset the risks associated with other Fund holdings. There can be no assurance that the Fund's hedging strategy will reduce risk or that hedging transactions will be either available or cost effective. The Fund is not required to use hedging and may choose not to do so.

*Options Market Risk.* Markets for options and options on futures may not always operate on a fair and orderly basis. At times, prices for options and options on futures may not represent fair market value and prices may be subject to manipulation, which may be extreme under some circumstances. The dysfunction and manipulation of volatility and options markets may make it difficult for the Fund to effectively implement its investment strategy and achieve its objectives and could potentially lead to significant losses.

*Options Risk.* There are risks associated with the Fund's use of options. As the buyer of a call option, the Fund risks losing the entire premium invested in the option if the underlying reference instrument does not rise above the strike price, which means the option will expire worthless. As the buyer of a put option, the Fund risks losing the entire premium invested in the option if the underlying reference instrument does not fall below the strike price, which means the option will expire worthless. Conversely, as a seller (writer) of a call option or put option, the Fund will lose money if the value of the underlying reference instrument rises above (written call option) or falls below (written put option) the respective option's strike price. The Fund's losses are potentially large in a written put transaction and potentially unlimited in an unhedged written call transaction.

Additionally, purchased options may decline in value due to changes in price of the underlying reference instrument, passage of time and changes in volatility. Generally, options may not be an effective hedge because they may have imperfect correlation to the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Further, the underlying reference instrument on which the option is based may have imperfect correlation to the value of the Fund's portfolio securities. Option premiums are treated as short-term capital gains and, when distributed to shareholders, are usually taxable as ordinary income, which may have a higher tax rate than long-term capital gains for shareholders holding Fund shares in a taxable account. Options are also subject to leverage and volatility risk, liquidity risk, tracking risk, and sub-strategy risk.

**Index Risk**. The options and futures in which the Fund invests will be subject to the risks associated with changes in the index to which they are linked.

Leverage Risk. The use of leverage by the Fund, such as through the use of derivatives, will cause the Fund to incur additional expenses and magnify the Fund's gains or losses. Relatively small market movements may result in large changes in the value of a leveraged derivatives position. Leveraging also may require that the Fund liquidate portfolio securities when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its obligations. Leveraging may expose the Fund to losses in excess of the amounts invested or borrowed.

Liquidity Risk. Liquidity risk exists when particular investments of the Fund would be difficult to purchase or sell, possibly preventing the Fund from selling such illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price, or possibly requiring the Fund to dispose of other investments at unfavorable times or prices in order to satisfy its obligations. Liquid securities can become illiquid due to political, economic or issuer specific events; supply/demand imbalances; changes in a specific market's size or structure, including the number of participants; or overall market disruptions.

**Management Risk.** The investment strategies and models employed by the Sub-Advisor in selecting investments for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other similar investment vehicles having similar investment strategies. In addition, the Sub-Advisor's judgment about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation of particular securities, options, and futures in which the Fund invests may prove to be incorrect and there is no guarantee that the Sub-Advisor's judgment will produce the desired results. The measures that the Advisor, Sub-Advisors or portfolio manager use to monitor and manage the risks of the Fund may not accomplish the intended results and the Fund may experience losses significantly greater than expected.

**Market Risk**. The value of securities in the Fund's portfolio will fluctuate and, as a result, the Fund's share price may decline suddenly or over a sustained period of time. Overall market risks may also affect the value of the Fund. Factors such as economic growth and market conditions, trading and tariff arrangements, interest rate levels and political events affect the securities markets.

**Regulatory Risk.** Changes in the laws or regulations of the United States, including any changes to applicable tax laws and regulations, could impair the ability of the Fund to achieve its investment objective and could increase the operating expenses of the Fund. The Fund is deemed to be a "commodity pool" under the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, and the Advisor is a "commodity pool operator" registered with and regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"). As a result, additional CFTC-mandated disclosure, reporting and recordkeeping obligations apply with respect to the Fund. Compliance with these regulatory requirements could increase the Fund's expenses.

**Turnover Risk.** The Fund may have a high turnover of the securities held in its portfolio. Increased portfolio turnover causes the Fund to incur higher brokerage costs, which may adversely affect the Fund's performance and may produce increased taxable distributions.

**U.S. Agency Securities Risk**. The Fund may invest in U.S. government or agency obligations. Securities issued or guaranteed by federal agencies and U.S. government sponsored entities may or may not be backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

**Underlying Fund Risk.** Other investment companies, such as money market funds, in which the Fund invests are subject to investment advisory and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the Fund. As a result, the cost of investing in the Fund will be higher than the cost of investing directly in an Underlying Fund and may be higher than other funds that invest directly in stocks and bonds. Each Underlying Fund is subject to its own specific risks.

**Volatility Risk.** The Fund may have investments that appreciate or decrease significantly in value over short periods of time. This may cause the Fund's net asset value per share to experience significant increases or declines in value over short periods of time, however, all investments, long-or short-term, are subject to risk of loss.

For more information, please see the section of the Fund's Prospectus entitled "Additional Information Regarding the Funds' Principal Investment Strategies and Related Risks."

**Performance:** The bar chart and accompanying table shown below provide an indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing the total return of its Institutional shares for each full calendar year, and by showing how its average annual returns compare over time with those of a broad-based market index. How the Fund has performed in the past (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available at no cost by calling 1-800-253-0412.

The Fund changed its sub-advisor and investment strategy effective December 5, 2017. Performance information for periods prior to December 5, 2017, does not reflect the Fund's current investment strategy and the Fund was not managed by the Fund's current Sub-Advisor prior to December 5, 2017.



## Annual Total Returns

During the period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 12.07% (quarter ended September 30, 2017), and the lowest return for a quarter was (11.56)% (quarter ended September 30, 2015).

The Fund's Institutional shares year-to-date return as of March 31, 2025, was 0.72%.

|   | 1 Year  | 5 Years | 10 Years                                  |
|---|---------|---------|---|
| Institutional Shares  |         |         |   |
| Return Before Taxes   | 3.24%   | 2.90%   | 2.47%                                     |
| Return After Taxes on Distributions                         | 1.51%   | 1.88%   | 0.87%                                     |
| Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares | 1.99%   | 1.96%   | 1.22%                                     |
| Class A Shares  |         |         |   |
| Return Before Taxes   | (1.87)% | 1.68%   | 1.84%                                     |
| S&P 500 Total Return Index® (reflects no                    |         |         |   |
| deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)                      | 25.02%  | 14.53%  | 13.10%                                    |
|   | 1 Year  | 5 Years | Since Class C<br>Inception<br>(5/31/2016) |
| Class C Shares  |         |         |   |
| Return Before Taxes   | 2.25%   | 1.91%   | 3.90%                                     |
| S&P 500 Total Return Index® (reflects no                    |         |         |   |
| deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)                      | 25.02%  | 14.53%  | 14.76%                                    |

### Average Annual Total Returns (For periods ended December 31, 2024)

After-tax returns are calculated using the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rate and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on a shareholder's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns are not relevant for shareholders who hold Fund shares in tax-advantaged accounts or to shares held by non-taxable entities. After-tax returns are only shown for Institutional shares. After-tax returns for other share classes will vary.

## **Investment Advisor and Portfolio Managers**

Advisor: Rational Advisors, Inc. is the Fund's investment advisor.

Sub-Advisor: Warrington Asset Management LLC is the Fund's investment sub-advisor.

**Portfolio Managers:** Scott C. Kimple, Principal and Portfolio Manager of the Sub-Advisor; and Mark W. Adams, Assistant Portfolio Manager of the Sub-Advisor, serve as the Fund's portfolio managers and are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio. Mr. Kimple is the Lead Portfolio Manager of the Fund. Messrs. Kimple and Adams have each served as Portfolio Manager of the Fund since December 2017.

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares**: The minimum initial purchase for the Fund's Class A, Class C, and Institutional shares is \$1,000. For Class A and Class C shares, the minimum subsequent investment is \$50; for Institutional shares, the minimum subsequent investment is \$500. For Class A, Class C, and Institutional shares, the minimum initial and subsequent investment through the Automatic Investment Plan is \$50.

You may purchase and redeem shares of the Fund on any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open. Redemption requests may be made in writing, by telephone or through a financial intermediary to the Fund or the Transfer Agent and will be paid by check or wire transfer.

**Tax Information**: The Fund's distributions generally are taxable to you as ordinary income, capital gains, or some combination of both, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or individual retirement account, in which case your distributions may be taxed as ordinary income when withdrawn from the tax-advantaged account.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries:** If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.